

Masthead Logo

Digital Kenyon: Research, Scholarship, and Creative Exchange

Mount Vernon Banner Historic Newspaper 1868

10-2-1868

Mount Vernon Democratic Banner October 2, 1868

Follow this and additional works at: <https://digital.kenyon.edu/banner1868>

Part of the [United States History Commons](#)

Recommended Citation

"Mount Vernon Democratic Banner October 2, 1868" (1868). *Mount Vernon Banner Historic Newspaper 1868*. 42.
<https://digital.kenyon.edu/banner1868/42>

This Book is brought to you for free and open access by Digital Kenyon: Research, Scholarship, and Creative Exchange. It has been accepted for inclusion in Mount Vernon Banner Historic Newspaper 1868 by an authorized administrator of Digital Kenyon: Research, Scholarship, and Creative Exchange. For more information, please contact noltj@kenyon.edu.

Mt. Vernon Banner.

EDITED BY L. HARPER.
PUBLISHED BY THE MOUNT VERNON BANNER CO.
MOUNT VERNON, OHIO.
WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 8, 1868.

National Democratic Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT,
HORATIO SEYMOUR
OF NEW YORK.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
GEN. FRANK P. BLAIR
OF MISSOURI.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,
HON. WM. E. JENKINS, of Perry.
FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
THOMAS HUBBARD, of Logan.
CLERK OF SUPREME COURT,
JOHN M. WEBB, of Mahoning.
SCHOOL COMMISSIONER,
S. J. KIRKWOOD, of Seneca.
BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS,
ARTHUR HUGHES, of Cuyahoga.
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS, STATE AT LARGE,
HON. RUTUS P. RANNEY, Cuyahoga.
HON. HUGH J. JEWETT, Muskingum.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS,

GEN. GEO. W. MORGAN.

Knox County Democratic Ticket.

Auditor—LEWIS BRITTON.
Sheriff—ALLEN J. BEACH.
Recorder—ELIJAH HARROD.
Prosecuting Attorney—ABEL HART.
County Engineer—JAMES H. DUNN.
Surveyor—JAMES SCOTT.
Coroner—DR. GEO. A. WELKER.

The Law Requiring Students to Vote

at their Several Places of Abode.

The Constitution and laws of Ohio have always required electors to vote at the place where they reside.

It has always been the law, that an individual cannot acquire a residence within an election precinct by being there for temporary purposes merely, and that to vote at such precinct, would subject him to the penalties imposed for illegal voting.

And it has been well settled for many years, by decisions of courts of the highest respectability, that students attending colleges and other institutions of learning for educational purposes, do not thereby acquire a residence so as to entitle them to vote at the place where such institutions of learning are located.

Opinion of Judges of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, 5 Metcalf's Reports, 587-591; Granby v. Auer, 1 Metcalf's Reports, 115; in New York, (const. N. Y. 1846, Art. II, § 3), and other States.

Under the statutes of Ohio as they existed prior to 1868, students at colleges were clearly prohibited from voting at the place where such colleges were established, unless they had taken up their permanent residence there.

But these statutes were systematically disregarded, and young men, residents of other counties and of other States, were permitted to assist in choosing officers for the people among whom they happened to be temporarily staying.

The legislature of last winter so amended the law as to make it much more explicitly upon this point, the enactment being substantially that contained in the Constitution of Maine, above quoted. (Ohio Laws, vol. 66, page 102.)

The penalty for violating this law is a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars nor less than three hundred dollars, and imprisonment in the county jail not more than six months, nor less than three months. (Id., p. 103, § 14.)

If a judge of the election knowingly permits a violation of the law by receiving or sanctioning the reception of an illegal vote, he subjects himself to a fine not more than three hundred dollars, and to imprisonment in the county jail not more than six months nor less than three months. (Id., p. 103, § 24.)

An attempt was made, shortly after the passage of this law to induce the courts to pronounce it unconstitutional, but the effort failed. The district court at Urbana, Judge Welch of the Supreme Court delivering the opinion held, unanimously that the law did not violate the Constitution.

The Supreme Court of the district court was sustained, the court declining to give any opinion as to the validity of the act. (Ohio State Reports, volume 17, pages 605-602.)

It is the duty of all good citizens to see to it that the law is faithfully executed, and there is no doubt that this will be done. Every violation should be promptly punished, and we hear the determination expressed in numerous quarters that it shall not be disregarded with impunity. It is to be hoped, however, that the law will be cheerfully obeyed; and that no occasion will arise for enforcing its penalties.

The Maine Election.

The latest returns from Maine, received the latest majority to about 18,000, which shows a Democratic gain of 9,000 since 1865. The Radicals confidently claimed that they would carry the State by at least 25,000; and they made large bets on 22,000. But they have lost their money, and all their brag and boasting has faded out. A similar gain by the Democracy of Ohio would give us the State by 29,000 majority. Let the Democracy take courage, work earnestly and unflinchingly, and the day is ours!

A Reverend "Blood-hound of Zion,"

named Granville Moody, addressed a very select audience of "loyalists" at Wolf's Hall, in this city, on Thursday evening last. We did not hear him, but are told that his speech was a most disgraceful and unchristian affair; and yet, men who profess to be religious and respectable citizens, were present, and cheered his filthy language.

The Mob Spirit of Radicalism.

The Radicals have a great deal to say about the "Ku Klux," and mobs that take place down in the South, a thousand miles away; but not a word have they to say in condemnation of the mob spirit which they have in the North, gotten up by their own beautiful party—a party that professes to itself "all the decency" and "all the respectability" in the land. In nearly every city in the North where the Democracy have recently held large meetings, with processions, they have been attacked in the most ferocious manner by young sprigs of "loyalty," who, while throwing stones, and firing pistols at Democrats, cry out "let us have peace."

Recently, in Akron, where the Democracy had a large mass meeting, which was addressed by Mr. Pendleton, the procession, as it passed through the streets, and from the place of speaking, was attacked by a mob of Radical demagogues, who insulted ladies, stoned the men, tore down flags and banners in the procession, and hooted and yelled like savages.

More recently, in Columbus, a Democratic torch-light procession was assaulted from four or five different points, by the Radical "deceit," and many persons seriously injured. One man who had fought four years in our armies, in defense of our union and flag, was hit in the face with a rock, and the sight of one eye entirely destroyed, and another had three of his teeth knocked out by a stone. And yet these amiable Radicals exclaim, "Oh, let us have peace!"

But the grandest outrage of all was perpetrated at Indianapolis, Ind., on Wednesday night, Sept. 23d. Major John Kilgour, of the White Boys in Blue, while endeavoring to keep his men from electing a gang of ruffians who were stoning them, was struck in the face with a hatchet in the hands of a Radical, his nose split in two, and he disgraced for life. A party of Democrats got on to a train at Anderson, intending to go to the Indianapolis meeting, when they were fired into by a Radical and one of them shot dead.

We might mention many other outrages committed by the Radical decency, who seem to act on the principle that Democrats have no rights which self-styled "loyalists" are bound to respect. Democrats are willing to bear a great deal for the sake of peace, but there is a point beyond which forbearance ceases to be a virtue, and we think that point has been fully reached. An earnest application of the law would bring Radical upstarts to their senses.

The Campaign.

Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, there was a fine meeting at the Court House on Thursday night last, to hear speeches from Gen. DUBIN WARD and R. B. SEYMOUR, Esq., editor of the Ohio Statesman, both of whom made their first appearance before a Mt. Vernon audience. Gen. Ward is a pleasing, earnest and emphatic speaker, and made a decidedly favorable impression upon all who heard him. His many strong points, telling his case, called forth rapturous applause. Mr. Seymour is a clever, well-read, and graceful speaker, and his remarks gave great satisfaction to all who heard him.

On Monday evening our distinguished fellow-citizen Judge Hurd, made his first speech during the campaign, at the Court House, before a large and appreciative audience. He spoke for nearly three hours, and his remarks afforded the best evidence of the good impression produced upon the minds of his audience. The Judge's remarks were confined exclusively to the National debt and the subject of "Reconstruction," so called; and he discussed those topics so fully and ably, that it seemed to us that no man of ordinary intelligence could fail to be convinced in regard to the utter fallacy of the Radical mode of administering the Government, and disposing of the great and vital questions of the day.

Judge Hurd speaks at Greenville, on Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 7, and at Millwood on Monday afternoon, Oct. 12th.

"Poor Men Pay No Taxes."

Is the siren song (so says the Chillicothe Advertiser), with which Radical stumpers delude their infatuated followers. Let us see.

We have before us the revision of the tariff of 1867; also the cost of the articles on which the tariff is imposed on landing at New York, before the tax is added, and is easily demonstrative to our readers the tax they are compelled to pay the government. We append a list of articles which enter into the necessities of life with the price for which they could be bought if we had no tariff, and the advance price the tariff compels us to pay. As the import duty is paid in gold, the premium on gold is added to the total amount.

Without Tariff. With Tariff.

Tea per pound.....\$1.00 \$1.52

Coffee " ".....20 45

Sugar " ".....16 26

Cocoa " ".....6 12

Chin per yard.....4.00 5.49

3 Ply Carpet per yard.....80 149

Wool Hats, each.....1.00 1.82

Shirts.....1.50 2.50

Shoes.....1.00 1.75

Undershirts.....1.00 1.72

Undershirts.....1.00 1.72

It would be sufficient to buy a wall of silver dollars, four feet high, the columns touching each other, one hundred and twenty-five (125) miles long.

It would require one million five hundred and eighty-four thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight (1,584,758) men to lift it in silver dollars, each man lifting one hundred pounds.

It would make a chain of silver dimes, linked together at the edges, long enough to reach round the earth, extend to and reach round the moon, extend and reach round the moon, and extend and reach round the moon (298,000,000) miles long.

It would be more than enough to defray the expenses of the General Government under Democratic administration a whole Presidential term.

Grand Demonstration in Cincinnati.

The Democracy of Cincinnati, under the auspices of the White Boys in Blue, had a brilliant demonstration on Monday night. The Commercial Advertiser that there were five thousand torch-bearers in procession, while the Democrats claim double that number. The enthusiasm was unbounded, and the best order prevailed. Judge Thurman and General Thomas Ewing delivered eloquent speeches. Hamilton county will be redeemed. Push on the column!

"LET US HAVE PEACE."

Negro Insurrection Against United States Troops in South Carolina.

We invite the attention of thoughtful men to the subjoined extracts from a letter, written by our townsman, Colonel Wm. Wells, to a friend in Washington City, and published in the National Intelligencer of that city, in relation to the recent attempted hanging of a colored man by an armed force of negroes on the Cambache, in the State of South Carolina. This story, it will be seen, is told with no tinge of partisanship. It is a plain unvarnished narrative of facts, coming from an officer who, having no sinister purpose to serve, narrates what occurred in a direct, soldierly way, exactly as it happened:

"On Monday, August 23d, a courier arrived at my camp and reported that the colored men on the Cambache river were under arms and that they had one of their own color whom they were going to hang. I referred him to the sheriff of the county, who at once came to me and begged to suppress the riot, as he was perfectly powerless to do so. I at once started with twenty men of my command, and arrived near the river a little before daylight next morning. We found the negroes had pickets posted, who fired their muskets as we approached, to give warning to their comrades. I, therefore, waited until daylight, when I proposed to release their prisoner, and break up their military organization. As daylight approached we moved down the road and were greeted by a volley from a crowd of negroes, who were trying to form a line across the road. My men charged them, and within a few minutes the negroes were scattered. One of the negroes whom they called 'captain' said he would surrender to me, but he never would surrender to the civil authorities.

I released the man whom they were going to hang, took the leaders of the mob and started back towards camp, thinking the affair over, and had gone about two miles, when a volley was poured into us from the bushes, slightly wounding one of my men. The attacking party numbered at least two hundred negroes, well armed and equipped. My men began to use their breach loaders to such an effect that we killed two, wounded several, and took over one hundred of them prisoners, among whom were six whom they called lieutenants, three captains, and a major, and a chaplain. I released all but the so-called officers, who are now in jail, waiting trial by the civil authorities.

I don't think the rioters belonged to either political party, and the whites had no hand in the disturbance at all. The blacks in that part of the State number at least ten to one of the whites, and they think it is the same all over the State. "They said they had been promised forty acres of land, and they were going to have it if they had to fight for it. I asked them why they fired on us, and they said it was because they thought we were going to take away their land. They were going to hang the man Hector was because they thought he ought not to live any longer. The leaders told me they were fighting for their race, and that as the war had begun they meant to spare neither age nor sex.

I believe their intention was to seize the rice crops, drive away or kill the few whites in that vicinity, and set up in life for themselves, just as we have seen some of the Mexicans do when we were in Mexico. I feel confident that but for prompt action in the matter untold atrocities would have been committed. The affair created great excitement in our neighborhood, and Governor Scott issued a proclamation calling on the law abiding citizens throughout the State to aid him in putting down armed organizations.

From this narrative (which the Intelligencer) several most striking facts are apparent. In a locality where the negroes largely outnumber the whites, they are drilling and arming, and are under military organization "to fight for their rights," even against the troops of the United States. So ignorant are they, that they think the disproportion of whites to negroes which prevails there exists elsewhere. They have been promised forty acres of land, and it is not given them, and so they are preparing to fight for it. We happen to know that the belief that the Federal Government was going to confiscate the lands of "rebels" and divide them amongst the "loyal blacks" is prevalent in many localities in the South, and we have conversed with numbers who showed no little feeling that this promise had not been redeemed.

We have felt no little apprehension that this feeling might become so general as to prove a fruitful source of discontent, and in localities where the blacks largely outnumber the whites, lead to an armed struggle, and but one result to such a struggle; but no man who loves his country, no man who has a human heart in his bosom, can contemplate the appalling tragedies which would result from such an outbreak without a shudder. The horrors of the Jacquerie in France, of the St. Domingo insurrection, would be nothing in comparison with the terrible doings which would darkness the sunny South in the event of its ignorant blacks appealing to arms. This is the danger into which the country runs today by the mistaken policy, not simply of clothing the blacks with suffrage, but of doing this while so many leading whites are disfranchised.

Magnitude of our Public Debt.

Judge Hurd, in the course of his speech last Monday evening presented some interesting calculations, which serve to assist to comprehend the almost incomprehensible magnitude of the Public Debt of the United States.

Assuming an amount of the Public Debt to be \$2,334,313, as stated by the Secretary of the Treasury, in his monthly report on the 1st of September, 1868, it would be sufficient, if spread out as a smooth, level plain in silver dollars as close as they could lie, to cover an area of nine hundred and nine and 7/10 (999 7/10) square acres!

It would be sufficient to lay a wall of silver dollars, four feet high, the columns touching each other, one hundred and twenty-five (125) miles long.

It would require one million five hundred and eighty-four thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight (1,584,758) men to lift it in silver dollars, each man lifting one hundred pounds.

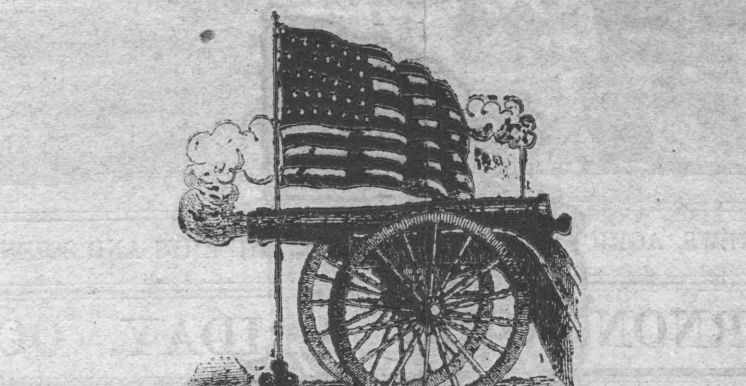
It would make a chain of silver dimes, linked together at the edges, long enough to reach round the earth, extend to and reach round the moon, extend and reach round the moon, and extend and reach round the moon (298,000,000) miles long.

It would be more than enough to defray the expenses of the General Government under Democratic administration a whole Presidential term.

Grand Demonstration in Cincinnati.

The Democracy of Cincinnati, under the auspices of the White Boys in Blue, had a brilliant demonstration on Monday night. The Commercial Advertiser that there were five thousand torch-bearers in procession, while the Democrats claim double that number. The enthusiasm was unbounded, and the best order prevailed. Judge Thurman and General Thomas Ewing delivered eloquent speeches. Hamilton county will be redeemed. Push on the column!

DEMOCRATIC



MASS MEETING!

The Democratic Executive Committee of Knox county have the pleasure of announcing that Ohio's distinguished and patriotic

HON. GEORGE H. PENDLETON,

THE ORATOR, PATRIOT AND STATESMAN.

WILL POSITIVELY SPEAK

IN MOUNT VERNON,

ON THURSDAY, OCTOBER 8th, 1868.

GEN. FRANK P. BLAIR,

Our gallant Candidate for Vice President of the United States, and

HONORABLE HEISTER CLYMER,

The late Democratic Candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania have been invited, and are confidently expected to be present.

President of the Day—HON. ROLLIN C. HURD.

CHIEF MARSHAL—DAVID C. MONTGOMERY.

ASSISTANT MARSHALS:

JOHN M. ROWE, GEORGE M. VORE, REZIN B. WELSH,

JOHN E. EVANS, DAN McEWILL, SAM. EWALL, Jr.,

JOHN F. BRENT, BENTON PARROTT, M. B. LORE,

SAMUEL J. BRENT, J. S. MILLER, C. W. BECHTOL.

ASSISTANT MARSHALS:

Jackson Township—Samuel Nicholls; Butler Township—William Miller;

Union " " J. H. Miller; Jefferson " " R. W. Greer;

Brown " " Dr. A. J. Hyatt; Howard " " James White;

Harrison " " John Dugdon; Clay " " Dr. H. C. Dicus;

Morgan " " Rowland Vance; Pleasant " " A. W. Wain;

Monroe " " B. Woolson; Pike " " John Wileman;

Beaumont " " John C. Morris; Adams " " John Leitch;

Miller " " Martin Stull; Milford " " W. Dunham, Jr.;

Liberty " " W. D. Ewall, M. Bird; Wayne " " John Hayden;

Middlebury " " John C. Levering; Hilliar " " John Hayden.

It is earnestly desired that the Assistant Marshals will have the various Delegates in by 11 o'clock, so that the meeting may be organized early.

BY ORDER OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

POLITICAL NOTES AND SHOTS.

St. Louis promises 10,000 Democratic majority.

The Rad gave up New Jersey "voluntarily."

All the Germans in Piquette, Iowa, are Democrats.

Richard O'Gorman says: "If Grant is a good soldier, why would he be making him a bad President."

A Spiritual convention was held in Cleveland last week. We did not learn that Grant was there.

Col. Fox is a know-nothing, and Gen. Grant is a know-nothing, a say nothing, and a nothing of all sorts.

One of Brownlow's Radical friends called him "an iron man." The devil has a great many such iron in the fire.

Russia talks of adopting our internal revenue system. She will have to adopt our Congress and our Radical whirling ring to make it thoroughly effective.

The Radicals have adopted the Chinese system of warfare, brag and bluster, drums and gongs. A barking dog never bites.

Garfield says Grant will administer the country with "a little triangular piece of steel called a bayonet." Garfield ought to be provoked.

Down in Georgia the negroes voted labels of "Cass's Rat and Roach Exterminator," being told, that the picture of a rat on the paper stood for the ratification of the Constitution.

Hon. John Storrs, of Illinois, quits Radicalism.

Ohio registers full 40,000 "White Boys in Blue."

Radical motto—"We'll fight it out on 'em if it takes all summer."

Summit county proposes to give the largest Democratic vote this fall over poll tax there.

One of the negro Senators of Louisiana had a street fight with another of his color last week. The wool-pulling was severe.

A Radical way says, that in attempting to get power again by false promises, his is the only reliable party of the country.

Facts and figures—Spending two and a half millions of dollars to free the negroes, and one and a half millions to enslave white men.

Greeley is getting ready for an awful defeat in New York. He has already discovered that thousands of Philadelphia roughs are coming on there to vote.

Colfax, a little over a year ago, said that "Grant had proved a failure in every capacity outside the military." Now Grant should give his opinion on Colfax.

A Rose by any other name will smell as sweet!—and a Radical loss of 13,000 in two years in the little State of Maine suits us very well, even when called a Radical victory.

Where was Grant at the battle of Shiloh? Inquired a Radical of us the other day. That's just what Grant is not anxious for the people to know.

A Radical paper says it is rumored that Gen. Frank P. Blair is going to deliver temperance lectures. Well, if Grant could be induced to attend them, or heed the good advice he would hear, he might yet be saved.

Butler, the Beast, is telling the Massachusetts loyal army quantity of lies about what "he told Buchanan." Buchanan is dead, and the Beast is belted.

The Radical majority in Maine is reduced over nine thousand, and yet they claim a victory. How many such victories is equal to a defeat?

A carpet-lagger in the South wrote to his father in the North, "Come down here father, mighty mean men get offices—You could be elected United States Senator without trouble."

From the preparations that are being made at Mount Vernon, Mass. Meetings which is to take place on the 8th of October promises to be the largest ever held in Knox county.

TAXES FOR 1868.

Notice to the Tax-payers of Knox County.

In pursuance of law, J. ROBERT MILLER, Treasurer of said County, do hereby notify the Tax Payers thereof that the Rates of Taxation for the year 1868, are correctly stated in the following Table, showing the amount levied in mills on each dollar of taxable property in each of the incorporated Towns and Townships, in said County, and the amount of Tax levied on each one hundred Dollars of taxable property is also shown in the last column.

NAMES OF TOWNSHIPS AND CITIES.	Rates Levied by General Assembly.		Rates Levied by Co. Commissioners.		Rates Levied by Township Authorities.			Total Township...	Tax on each \$100 of Tax- able Property.	No. of Townships.	
	Mills.	For County... 1.30 Gen. Revenue 1.00 State Common80 School Fund 1.30	Mills For County... 1.30 For Road... 1.00 For Bridges... .80 For Railroad. 2.50	Township... School... Special Road...	Corporation... Mills	Local Levy For all purposes					
Total.....	3.50	3.50	6.70	5.70							
1. Jackson.....	3.50	3.50	6.60	1.50		2.10	11.30	1.13	4	1	
2. Butler.....	3.50	3.50	6.50	2.90		3.00	12.20	1.26	3	2	
3. Union.....	3.50	3.50	6.35	2.60		3.00	12.20	1.22	3	3	
4. Jefferson.....	3.50	3.50	6.10	2.30		3.50	13.00	1.30	3	4	
5. Brown.....	3.50	3.50	6.70	0.45	2.95	1.00	4.40	13.60	1.35	5	5
6. Howard.....	3.50	3.50	6.38	1.92		2.30	11.50	1.15	6	6	
7. Harrison.....	3.50	3.50		1.00		1.00	10.20	1.02	7	7	
8. Clay.....	3.50	3.50	6.30	1.10		7.00	9.90	.99	9	9	
9. Morgan.....	3.50	3.50	6.30	1.70		7.00	9.90	.99	9	9	
10. Pleasant.....	3.50	3.50	6.30	5.40		5.30	14.50	1.45	10	10	
11. College.....	3.50	3.50	6.50	6.00	1.00	7.50	16.70	1.67	11	11	
12. Monroe.....	3.50	3.50	6.40	1.10		1.40	10.00	1.00	12	12	
13. Pike.....	3.50	3.50	6.30	3.10		3.40	12.20	1.22	13	13	
14. Berlin.....	3.50	3.50	6.25	3.00		2.20	12.40	1.24	14	14	
15. Morris.....	3.50	3.50	6.20	2.00		2.20	11.40	1.14	15	15	
16. Morris, attached to Union School	3.50	3.50	6.20	6.00		5.20	14.40	1.44			
17. Clinton.....	3.50	3.50	6.20	1.00		3.50	12.70	1.27	16	16	
18. Miller.....	3.50	3.50	6.30	3.50		3.40	11.50	1.15	17	17	
19. Milford.....	3.50	3.50	6.25	3.15		3.40	12.60	1.26	34	34	
20. Liberty.....	3.50	3.50	6.20	2.00		2.20	11.40	1.14	10	10	
21. Wayne, attached to Union School	3.50	3.50	6.20	2.10		2.40	11.60	1.16	20	20	
22. Middlebury.....	3.50	3.50	6.30	5.00		5.30	14.50	1.45			
23. Hillier.....	3.50	3.50	6.40	5.00	0.40	3.00	14.60	1.46	20	21	
24. Mount Vernon City	3.50	3.50	6.20	2.20		3.10	12.30	1.23	22	22	
25. Fredericktown.....	3.50	3.50	6.00	5.00		14.30	23.50	2.35			
26. Fredericktown.....	3.50	3.50	6.00	5.00	2.00	7.30	16.50	1.65			

THE BANNER.

MOUNT VERNON, OHIO, OCT. 2, 1888.

Reading matter on every page.

THE BANNER

FOR

THE CAMPAIGN!

Seymour, Blair and Victory!

The candidates of both political parties are now in the field, and the great campaign of 1888 is fairly open. In order that every voter may have an opportunity to read and understand the questions at issue before the people, we have determined to issue the BANNER at the following low rates, from this until the Presidential election:

Clubs of twenty.....\$5.00
Clubs of ten.....3.00
Single copies.....40

Now let the Democracy go to work, and get up a large circulation for the BANNER in every township in Knox county. We shall labor to make the paper as lively and interesting as possible, and shall do everything in our power to overthrow the corrupt, unprincipled, tyrannical and thier-party now in power.

THE WORK GOES BRAVELY ON!

Democratic Meetings!

At MOUNT VERNON, on Tuesday, October 2nd, at 1 o'clock, P. M.
At NORTH LIBERTY, on Wednesday, October 3rd, at 1 o'clock, P. M.
At LAIMON'S GROVE, Monroe Tp., on Friday, October 5th, at 10 o'clock, P. M.
At AMITY, on Friday evening, October 5th.

Judge Hurd's Meetings.

At GREENSVILLE, Wednesday, October 3rd, at 1 o'clock, P. M.
At MILLWOOD, Monday, October 12th, at 1 o'clock, P. M.
Other Democratic speakers will address the people at the same place in the evening.

T. J. MAGINNIS,

Formerly Republican State Senator from Muskingum county, will address the people at WOODWARD HALL, Mt. Vernon, Tuesday evening, Oct. 2nd.

Hon. Frank H. Hurd

will speak at TOWN HALL, Morgan township, Friday evening, Oct. 4th.
At CENTREBURG, Saturday evening, October 10th.

M. N. Odell's Meetings.

M. N. Odell, Esq., of Newark will speak as follows:
At LOOK, with C. H. Scribner, on Tuesday, October 2nd, at 1 o'clock, P. M.
At MONROE MILLS, on Wednesday, October 3rd, at 1 o'clock, P. M.
At the Court House, in MOUNT VERNON, on Friday evening, Oct. 5th.
At FREDERICKTOWN, on Saturday, Oct. 10th, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

C. H. Scribner's Meetings.

C. H. Scribner, Esq., will speak at the following times and places:
At BRANDON, on Friday, October 2nd, evening.
At ANKENYTON, Saturday, Oct. 3rd, at 1 o'clock, P. M.
At WATERFORD, Monday, Oct. 5th, evening.
At LOOK, Tuesday, October 6th, with M. N. Odell, Esq., of Newark, at one o'clock, P. M.
At FREDERICKTOWN, Wednesday, Oct. 7th, evening.
At GRAHAM'S SCHOOL HOUSE, Pleasant township, Friday, Oct. 9th, evening.
At BROWNVILLE, Saturday, Oct. 10th, evening.

More Democratic Meetings.

Green Valley School House, Friday evening, Oct. 2nd.
Sellers' School House, Morgan Tp., Friday evening, Oct. 2nd.
Caywood's School House, Saturday evening, Oct. 3rd.
Friendship School House, Liberty Tp., Saturday evening, Oct. 3rd.
Wolf's School House, Liberty Tp., Monday evening, Oct. 5th.
Lafayette School House, Hilliard Tp., Monday evening, Oct. 5th.
Lazarus, Bryant's School House, Tuesday evening, Oct. 6th.
Kinderhook School House, Wednesday evening, Oct. 7th.
Union School House, Morris Township, Wednesday evening, Oct. 7th.
Bedell's School House, Liberty Tp., Friday evening, Oct. 9th.
McCombs' School House, Butler Tp., Saturday evening, Oct. 10th.
Dry Creek School House, Liberty Tp., Monday evening, Oct. 12th.

The above meetings will be addressed by two or more of the following speakers, viz: E. C. Critchfield, A. Hart, Sam. J. Brent, John M. Ewald, Rezin Welch, John M. Rowe, John K. Haiden, Daniel Paul, John M. Andrews.

Our Next Sheriff.

The Republican devotes nearly its entire editorial space this week, to a scathing vilification of A. J. BEACH, Esq., the Democratic candidate for Sheriff. But the falsehoods and abuse of that nasty paper cannot injure Mr. Beach, or any other decent white man. Mr. Beach will be elected by a triumphant majority. He is an upright, honest and honorable man, and made the best Sheriff we ever had in Knox county. Beach's infamous falsehoods and lying abuse will only have the effect of swelling his majority. Mark that!

Our County Fair.

As we close our paper on Wednesday of this week, we are unable to give a detailed account of our Fair. From present indications it will be a grand success. The entries, especially in the stock department are larger than ever before. Full particulars next week.

Death of Mrs. Emily Potwin.

Mrs. Emily Potwin, relict of the late David Potwin, died at the residence of her son, George B. Potwin, Esq., on Tuesday night, at 12 o'clock. The funeral took place on Wednesday afternoon, a large number of our citizens attending her remains to their last resting place. We shall not attempt to write an obituary of this estimable lady, as we have no doubt a more competent hand will undertake that task.

Musie Teaching.

Miss Amelia K. Eastman has the honor to announce that she will give instruction on the Piano-forte, to a few additional pupils, at her residence.
Special attention given to Technique. Application may be made at the Seminary, High St., Terms, \$20 for 20 lessons.
Recommended by S. N. Penfield, Pianist and organist, late of Rochester N. Y.; J. S. Black, late of Rochester N. Y.; J. S. Black, late of Rochester N. Y.; J. S. Black, late of Rochester N. Y.; J. S. Black, late of Rochester N. Y.

Blankets, shawls and cloaks at Welker & Co's.

The Democratic State and County Tickets will be printed and ready for distribution on Wednesday of next week, October 7th.
Splendid stock of shoes at Welker & Co's.
Gen. Morgan has been speaking in Muskingum county during the past two weeks to large and enthusiastic audiences.
Let every man, woman and child in Knox county come to our great Mass Meeting on Thursday, Oct. 8th.
If you want domestic goods cheap go to Welker & Co's.
The best and cheapest line of Black Alpaca may now be found at J. Sperry & Co's.
Large assortment of dress goods at Welker & Co's.
Shawls! Shawls! Shawls! The largest and most varied stock ever brought to the city. These can be sold low at J. Sperry & Co's.
If you are looking for new goods go to Welker & Co's.
Thompson's Glove Fitting Corset is the cheapest, because, the most durable. Many ladies say they will not do without them. At J. Sperry & Co's.
An experienced French Teacher, to teach in the Public School at Gambier. Session four months—wages \$2.00 per day. School of 30 to 50 pupils, 10 to 16 years of age. Application, with proof of previous success in teaching, may be made to Prof. T. STEINER, Gambier, Ohio.
Domestic Goods are opening at Sperry & Co's, this week, bought since the decline of the past ten days.
Large stock of goods at Welker & Co's.
The new Boulevard Felt Skirt, sold by J. Sperry & Co's, is superseding the old style, and is sold at low figures. Go and see them.
All the new fashions at Welker & Co's.
Dress Goods, in the new and popular fabrics, now opening at J. Sperry & Co's.
Entire new stock of goods at Welker & Co's.
Concord Grape Vines at Starr's Nursery, for 15 cts.
Cloths, Cassimeres, &c. at Welker & Co's.
For best shilling calicoes go to Welker & Co's.
Black Poplin alpaca at Welker & Co's.
You can save 25 per cent by getting your Trees at Starr's Nursery.
Your Cosmetic Lotion has cured my face and hands, and my legs and feet, and my eyes, after having spent ten weeks and five days in the treatment. Y. H. Whites, without any real benefit to me. Writes Dennis Mehan, 49 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

Oregon Legislature.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 25.
The Oregon Legislature has adopted a resolution thanking Gen. Crook for his services in Eastern Oregon, by which the Indian depredations have been stopped, tendering him the hospitalities of the State. The House adopted a memorial to Congress for aid by money and law for building a branch of the Union Pacific railroad from the vicinity of Salt Lake to the navigable waters of the Columbia, thence by Portland to Puget Sound.

Scouts in Cows.

A correspondent says: It may benefit some one for me to mention my success in curing a cow that was violently attacked with the scours, which was taking her flesh off rapidly and had nearly dried up her milk. My hired man told me to boil a bunch of bark and give her small doses in a bran mash till cured. This cured her in less than three days, and she has been doing nicely ever since. Be careful not to give too much at a dose, as it might prove too stringent or binding. [Ex.]

Alisma.

"Alisma."—It is not often that we have the time to spare, or the inclination, to notice any of the thousand and one preparations sold throughout the country, each, as it is claimed, being a sovereign cure for one or more of the ills that flesh is heir to. Indeed, we have frequently wondered that people ever died at all, or grew old even, when by a small outlay they could furnish themselves with something which would keep disease at bay, and defy the assaults of time.
Concerning the efficacy of one of these remedial preparations—and one which has become celebrated of late—we can speak from personal experience, and conscientiously say it is good. We refer to "Alisma," an article for restoring and preserving the hair, manufactured by Messrs. Seaver & Bentley, Chemists and Druggists, No. 189 Main street, Buffalo—Buffalo Commercial Ad.
No slow sales for Seaver's Cough Cure. Sept. 25-4.

OHIO STATE NEWS.

"LET US HAVE PEACE."

A Little Girl Outraged by a Negro and then Chopped in Pieces with an Axe.
A beautiful little girl, about nine years of age, daughter of Mr. Wm. Leith, living on Fairhaven's turnpike, about three miles from here, was sent last Saturday morning to a neighbor's, about half a mile distant, of an errand. Not returning as soon as expected, her mother became alarmed and went in search of her. While passing near a clump of bushes she heard the groans of some person as if in distress, and stepped aside to see what the trouble was. What was her horror to find her own child terribly mutilated and in a dying condition! It seems that when the child was on her return home she was met in the woods by a negro, who seized her, and dragging her into the bushes succeeded in committing a most horrid outrage upon her person. The cries of the child, after the deed was performed, so enraged the fiend that he literally chopped her in pieces with an axe which he carried, leaving her for dead! One arm was cut entirely off, her face terribly mutilated, one leg broken, and she lay on the ground. She lived but a few minutes after her rescue by her mother, but long enough to relate the principal incidents of the outrage. The greatest excitement prevails here in relation to the matter, and the murderer is found quick work will be made with his case. It is thought that the negro is one of a gang from the lower part of the country, who are chopping wood for Market and others are chopping wood for the Central Railroad. This in connection with the numerous and fiendish outrages lately perpetrated by "the negroes" in this vicinity, causes the most intense feeling. Being under no control, and the most of them supported by the Bureau in various instances, they prowled around doing deeds of murder and violence too horrible almost to believe. Nothing is so brutal and fiendish as a half-breed negro when left to exercise his own will—(Herald.)

Democratic Convention.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 25.
The Democratic State Mass Convention here today has been largely attended, nearly all parts of the State being well represented. Two stands for speeches were erected in the State House square, at one of which Gen. F. P. Blair and Hon. Geo. H. Pendleton made speeches, and at the other Gen. Reed, of Ill., and Hon. David Gooding, of Ind.

Purchase by the Best.

In a magazine of advertised bits important ingredients, the necessity of which are plainly indicated, are omitted, because of their high prices; in others, the proportions and combinations of the ingredients are in defiance of all settled principles of pharmaceutical chemistry; others, again, are worse than useless, made up of poor whiskey, slightly laced with alcohol, and colored in such a manner as to deceive the unwary and are so nauseating as to be unworthy of criticism, and to the patient the remedy is worse than the disease, while years of expensive and fruitless suffering are caused. Stomach Bitters, be just as recommended, one of the best remedies extant which is a stomachic tonic and stimulant are required. They never fail to restore the system to its normal vigor to the strong, and are, in every particular, just what a stomach bitters ought to be. If you have symptoms of indigestion, or feel the need of aid in digestion, if you reside in bilious districts, they should be taken as a sure prevention of Bilious Fever and Fever and Ague, Liver complaint, Jaundice, and in all that class of diseases where there is a general depression of the nervous system, loss of muscular energy, weakness, lassitude, want of appetite, flatulency, chills, sensations and aching of the bones, &c. And, as a remedy for the bilious, Scoury, Salt Rheum, Carbuncles and Boils, Ulcers and all obstinate Affections of the Skin, Inflammatory or Chronic Rheumatism, Piles, Chronic Diarrhea, Nervous Diseases, and every ailment of the system, Scoury, Salt Rheum, Carbuncles and Boils, Ulcers and all obstinate Affections of the Skin, Inflammatory or Chronic Rheumatism, Piles, Chronic Diarrhea, Nervous Diseases, and every ailment of the system.

Dr. J. W. Polard's HUMAN DOCTOR.

is a Positive Remedy for all kinds of Humors—Scoury, Salt Rheum, Carbuncles and Boils, Ulcers and all obstinate Affections of the Skin, Inflammatory or Chronic Rheumatism, Piles, Chronic Diarrhea, Nervous Diseases, and every ailment of the system. It is free from any dangerous drug, is pleasant to the taste, safe, sure and effective in its action.
New-England Botanic Depot, Boston, Mass., and at J. L. RAIL GREEN, April 4-cov.

Plot Points, all kinds, at Plow shop west Public Square.

NEW LEATHER STORE.

PENICK & RAYMOND
HAYES has just received at their Store Room, on a large stock of
French and Domestic Calf and Kip,
Sole and Upper Leather,
Harness Skirting, Pad,
Lining and Topping Skins,
and Shoe Maker's Kit.
All of which we will sell at the very low cash price.
The Highest Cash Price paid for Hides.
P. N. PENICK & RAYMOND,
May 2-3m

Examination of School Teachers.

MEETINGS of the Board for the examination of applicants to instruct in the public Schools of Knox county will be held in Mount Vernon, on the last Saturday of every month, and on the second Saturday in April and November, in the Court House, at 10 o'clock A. M. In March, on the 22nd Saturday in October, on the 24th Saturday in November, on the 26th Saturday in December, on the 28th Saturday in January, on the 30th Saturday in February, on the 1st Saturday in March, on the 3rd Saturday in April, on the 5th Saturday in May, on the 7th Saturday in June, on the 9th Saturday in July, on the 11th Saturday in August, on the 13th Saturday in September, on the 15th Saturday in October, on the 17th Saturday in November, on the 19th Saturday in December, on the 21st Saturday in January, on the 23rd Saturday in February, on the 25th Saturday in March, on the 27th Saturday in April, on the 29th Saturday in May, on the 31st Saturday in June, on the 3rd Saturday in July, on the 5th Saturday in August, on the 7th Saturday in September, on the 9th Saturday in October, on the 11th Saturday in November, on the 13th Saturday in December, on the 15th Saturday in January, on the 17th Saturday in February, on the 19th Saturday in March, on the 21st Saturday in April, on the 23rd Saturday in May, on the 25th Saturday in June, on the 27th Saturday in July, on the 29th Saturday in August, on the 31st Saturday in September, on the 3rd Saturday in October, on the 5th Saturday in November, on the 7th Saturday in December, on the 9th Saturday in January, on the 11th Saturday in February, on the 13th Saturday in March, on the 15th Saturday in April, on the 17th Saturday in May, on the 19th Saturday in June, on the 21st Saturday in July, on the 23rd Saturday in August, on the 25th Saturday in September, on the 27th Saturday in October, on the 29th Saturday in November, on the 31st Saturday in December, on the 3rd Saturday in January, on the 5th Saturday in February, on the 7th Saturday in March, on the 9th Saturday in April, on the 11th Saturday in May, on the 13th Saturday in June, on the 15th Saturday in July, on the 17th Saturday in August, on the 19th Saturday in September, on the 21st Saturday in October, on the 23rd Saturday in November, on the 25th Saturday in December, on the 27th Saturday in January, on the 29th Saturday in February, on the 31st Saturday in March, on the 3rd Saturday in April, on the 5th Saturday in May, on the 7th Saturday in June, on the 9th Saturday in July, on the 11th Saturday in August, on the 13th Saturday in September, on the 15th Saturday in October, on the 17th Saturday in November, on the 19th Saturday in December, on the 21st Saturday in January, on the 23rd Saturday in February, on the 25th Saturday in March, on the 27th Saturday in April, on the 29th Saturday in May, on the 31st Saturday in June, on the 3rd Saturday in July, on the 5th Saturday in August, on the 7th Saturday in September, on the 9th Saturday in October, on the 11th Saturday in November, on the 13th Saturday in December, on the 15th Saturday in January, on the 17th Saturday in February, on the 19th Saturday in March, on the 21st Saturday in April, on the 23rd Saturday in May, on the 25th Saturday in June, on the 27th Saturday in July, on the 29th Saturday in August, on the 31st Saturday in September, on the 3rd Saturday in October, on the 5th Saturday in November, on the 7th Saturday in December, on the 9th Saturday in January, on the 11th Saturday in February, on the 13th Saturday in March, on the 15th Saturday in April, on the 17th Saturday in May, on the 19th Saturday in June, on the 21st Saturday in July, on the 23rd Saturday in August, on the 25th Saturday in September, on the 27th Saturday in October, on the 29th Saturday in November, on the 31st Saturday in December, on the 3rd Saturday in January, on the 5th Saturday in February, on the 7th Saturday in March, on the 9th Saturday in April, on the 11th Saturday in May, on the 13th Saturday in June, on the 15th Saturday in July, on the 17th Saturday in August, on the 19th Saturday in September, on the 21st Saturday in October, on the 23rd Saturday in November, on the 25th Saturday in December, on the 27th Saturday in January, on the 29th Saturday in February, on the 31st Saturday in March, on the 3rd Saturday in April, on the 5th Saturday in May, on the 7th Saturday in June, on the 9th Saturday in July, on the 11th Saturday in August, on the 13th Saturday in September, on the 15th Saturday in October, on the 17th Saturday in November, on the 19th Saturday in December, on the 21st Saturday in January, on the 23rd Saturday in February, on the 25th Saturday in March, on the 27th Saturday in April, on the 29th Saturday in May, on the 31st Saturday in June, on the 3rd Saturday in July, on the 5th Saturday in August, on the 7th Saturday in September, on the 9th Saturday in October, on the 11th Saturday in November, on the 13th Saturday in December, on the 15th Saturday in January, on the 17th Saturday in February, on the 19th Saturday in March, on the 21st Saturday in April, on the 23rd Saturday in May, on the 25th Saturday in June, on the 27th Saturday in July, on the 29th Saturday in August, on the 31st Saturday in September, on the 3rd Saturday in October, on the 5th Saturday in November, on the 7th Saturday in December, on the 9th Saturday in January, on the 11th Saturday in February, on the 13th Saturday in March, on the 15th Saturday in April, on the 17th Saturday in May, on the 19th Saturday in June, on the 21st Saturday in July, on the 23rd Saturday in August, on the 25th Saturday in September, on the 27th Saturday in October, on the 29th Saturday in November, on the 31st Saturday in December, on the 3rd Saturday in January, on the 5th Saturday in February, on the 7th Saturday in March, on the 9th Saturday in April, on the 11th Saturday in May, on the 13th Saturday in June, on the 15th Saturday in July, on the 17th Saturday in August, on the 19th Saturday in September, on the 21st Saturday in October, on the 23rd Saturday in November, on the 25th Saturday in December, on the 27th Saturday in January, on the 29th Saturday in February, on the 31st Saturday in March, on the 3rd Saturday in April, on the 5th Saturday in May, on the 7th Saturday in June, on the 9th Saturday in July, on the 11th Saturday in August, on the 13th Saturday in September, on the 15th Saturday in October, on the 17th Saturday in November, on the 19th Saturday in December, on the 21st Saturday in January, on the 23rd Saturday in February, on the 25th Saturday in March, on the 27th Saturday in April, on the 29th Saturday in May, on the 31st Saturday in June, on the 3rd Saturday in July, on the 5th Saturday in August, on the 7th Saturday in September, on the 9th Saturday in October, on the 11th Saturday in November, on the 13th Saturday in December, on the 15th Saturday in January, on the 17th Saturday in February, on the 19th Saturday in March, on the 21st Saturday in April, on the 23rd Saturday in May, on the 25th Saturday in June, on the 27th Saturday in July, on the 29th Saturday in August, on the 31st Saturday in September, on the 3rd Saturday in October, on the 5th Saturday in November, on the 7th Saturday in December, on the 9th Saturday in January, on the 11th Saturday in February, on the 13th Saturday in March, on the 15th Saturday in April, on the 17th Saturday in May, on the 19th Saturday in June, on the 21st Saturday in July, on the 23rd Saturday in August, on the 25th Saturday in September, on the 27th Saturday in October, on the 29th Saturday in November, on the 31st Saturday in December, on the 3rd Saturday in January, on the 5th Saturday in February, on the 7th Saturday in March, on the 9th Saturday in April, on the 11th Saturday in May, on the 13th Saturday in June, on the 15th Saturday in July, on the 17th Saturday in August, on the 19th Saturday in September, on the 21st Saturday in October, on the 23rd Saturday in November, on the 25th Saturday in December, on the 27th Saturday in January, on the 29th Saturday in February, on the 31st Saturday in March, on the 3rd Saturday in April, on the 5th Saturday in May, on the 7th Saturday in June, on the 9th Saturday in July, on the 11th Saturday in August, on the 13th Saturday in September, on the 15th Saturday in October, on the 17th Saturday in November, on the 19th Saturday in December, on the 21st Saturday in January, on the 23rd Saturday in February, on the 25th Saturday in March, on the 27th Saturday in April, on the 29th Saturday in May, on the 31st Saturday in June, on the 3rd Saturday in July, on the 5th Saturday in August, on the 7th Saturday in September, on the 9th Saturday in October, on the 11th Saturday in November, on the 13th Saturday in December, on the 15th Saturday in January, on the 17th Saturday in February, on the 19th Saturday in March, on the 21st Saturday in April, on the 23rd Saturday in May, on the 25th Saturday in June, on the 27th Saturday in July, on the 29th Saturday in August, on the 31st Saturday in September, on the 3rd Saturday in October, on the 5th Saturday in November, on the 7th Saturday in December, on the 9th Saturday in January, on the 11th Saturday in February, on the 13th Saturday in March, on the 15th Saturday in April, on the 17th Saturday in May, on the 19th Saturday in June, on the 21st Saturday in July, on the 23rd Saturday in August, on the 25th Saturday in September, on the 27th Saturday in October, on the 29th Saturday in November, on the 31st Saturday in December, on the 3rd Saturday in January, on the 5th Saturday in February, on the 7th Saturday in March, on the 9th Saturday in April, on the 11th Saturday in May, on the 13th Saturday in June, on the 15th Saturday in July, on the 17th Saturday in August, on the 19th Saturday in September, on the 21st Saturday in October, on the 23rd Saturday in November, on the 25th Saturday in December, on the 27th Saturday in January, on the 29th Saturday in February, on the 31st Saturday in March, on the 3rd Saturday in April, on the 5th Saturday in May, on the 7th Saturday in June, on the 9th Saturday in July, on the 11th Saturday in August, on the 13th Saturday in September, on the 15th Saturday in October, on the 17th Saturday in November, on the 19th Saturday in December, on the 21st Saturday in January, on the 23rd Saturday in February, on the 25th Saturday in March, on the 27th Saturday in April, on the 29th Saturday in May, on the 31st Saturday in June, on the 3rd Saturday in July, on the 5th Saturday in August, on the 7th Saturday in September, on the 9th Saturday in October, on the 11th Saturday in November, on the 13th Saturday in December, on the 15th Saturday in January, on the 17th Saturday in February, on the 19th Saturday in March, on the 21st Saturday in April, on the 23rd Saturday in May, on the 25th Saturday in June, on the 27th Saturday in July, on the 29th Saturday in August, on the 31st Saturday in September, on the 3rd Saturday in October, on the 5th Saturday in November, on the 7th Saturday in December, on the 9th Saturday in January, on the 11th Saturday in February, on the 13th Saturday in March, on the 15th Saturday in April, on the 17th Saturday in May, on the 19th Saturday in June, on the 21st Saturday in July, on the 23rd Saturday in August, on the 25th Saturday in September, on the 27th Saturday in October, on the 29th Saturday in November, on the 31st Saturday in December, on the 3rd Saturday in January, on the 5th Saturday in February, on the 7th Saturday in March, on the 9th Saturday in April, on the 11th Saturday in May, on the 13th Saturday in June, on the 15th Saturday in July, on the 17th Saturday in August, on the 19th Saturday in September, on the 21st Saturday in October, on the 23rd Saturday in November, on the 25th Saturday in December, on the 27th Saturday in January, on the 29th Saturday in February, on the 31st Saturday in March, on the 3rd Saturday in April, on the 5th Saturday in May, on the 7th Saturday in June, on the 9th Saturday in July, on the 11th Saturday in August, on the 13th Saturday in September, on the 15th Saturday in October, on the 17th Saturday in November, on the 19th Saturday in December, on the 21st Saturday in January, on the 23rd Saturday in February, on the 25th Saturday in March, on the 27th Saturday in April, on the 29th Saturday in May, on the 31st Saturday in June, on the 3rd Saturday in July, on the 5th Saturday in August, on the 7th Saturday in September, on the 9th Saturday in October, on the 11th Saturday in November, on the 13th Saturday in December, on the 15th Saturday in January, on the 17th Saturday in February, on the 19th Saturday in March, on the 21st Saturday in April, on the 23rd Saturday in May, on the 25th Saturday in June, on the 27th Saturday in July, on the 29th Saturday in August, on the 31st Saturday in September, on the 3rd Saturday in October, on the 5th Saturday in November, on the 7th Saturday in December, on the 9th Saturday in January, on the 11th Saturday in February, on the 13th Saturday in March, on the 15th Saturday in April, on the 17th Saturday in May, on the 19th Saturday in June, on the 21st Saturday in July, on the 23rd Saturday in August, on the 25th Saturday in September, on the 27th Saturday in October, on the 29th Saturday in November, on the 31st Saturday in December, on the 3rd Saturday in January, on the 5th Saturday in February, on the 7th Saturday in March, on the 9th Saturday in April, on the 11th Saturday in May, on the 13th Saturday in June, on the 15th Saturday in July, on the 17th Saturday in August, on the 19th Saturday in September, on the 21st Saturday in October, on the 23rd Saturday in November, on the 25th Saturday in December, on the 27th Saturday in January, on the 29th Saturday in February, on the 31st Saturday in March, on the 3rd Saturday in April, on the 5th Saturday in May, on the 7th Saturday in June, on the 9th Saturday in July, on the 11th Saturday in August, on the 13th Saturday in September, on the 15th Saturday in October, on the 17th Saturday in November, on the 19th Saturday in December, on the 21st Saturday in January, on the 23rd Saturday in February, on the 25th Saturday in March, on the 27th Saturday in April, on the 29th Saturday in May, on the 31st Saturday in June, on the 3rd Saturday in July, on the 5th Saturday in August, on the 7th Saturday in September, on the 9th Saturday in October, on the 11th Saturday in November, on the 13th Saturday in December, on the 15th Saturday in January, on the 17th Saturday in February, on the 19th Saturday in March, on the 21st Saturday in April, on the 23rd Saturday in May, on the 25th Saturday in June, on the 27th Saturday in July, on the 29th Saturday in August, on the 31st Saturday in September, on the 3rd Saturday in October, on the 5th Saturday in November, on the 7th Saturday in December, on the 9th Saturday in January, on the 11th Saturday in February, on the 13th Saturday in March, on the 15th Saturday in April, on the 17th Saturday in May, on the 19th Saturday in June, on the 21st Saturday in July, on the 23rd Saturday in August, on the 25th Saturday in September, on the 27th Saturday in October, on the 29th Saturday in November, on the 31st Saturday in December, on the 3rd Saturday in January, on the 5th Saturday in February, on the 7th Saturday in March, on the 9th Saturday in April, on the 11th Saturday in May, on the 13th Saturday in June, on the 15th Saturday in July, on the 17th Saturday in August, on the 19th Saturday in September, on the 21st Saturday in October, on the 23rd Saturday in November, on the 25th Saturday in December, on the 27th Saturday in January, on the 29th Saturday in February, on the 31st Saturday in March, on the 3rd Saturday in April, on the 5th Saturday in May, on the 7th Saturday in June, on the 9th Saturday in July, on the 11th Saturday in August, on the 13th Saturday in September, on the 15th Saturday in October, on the 17th Saturday in November, on the 19th Saturday in December, on the 21st Saturday in January, on the 23rd Saturday in February, on the 25th Saturday in March, on the 27th Saturday in April, on the 29th Saturday in May, on the 31st Saturday in June, on the 3rd Saturday in July, on the 5th Saturday in August, on the 7th Saturday in September, on the 9th Saturday in October, on the 11th Saturday in November, on the 13th Saturday in December, on the 15th Saturday in January, on the 17th Saturday in February, on the 19th Saturday in March, on the 21st Saturday in April, on the 23rd Saturday in May, on the 25th Saturday in June, on the 27th Saturday in July, on the 29th Saturday in August, on the 31st Saturday in September, on the 3rd Saturday in October, on the 5th Saturday in November, on the 7th Saturday in December, on the 9th Saturday in January, on the 11th Saturday in February, on the 13th Saturday in March, on the 15th Saturday in April, on the 17th Saturday in May, on the 19th Saturday in June, on the 21st Saturday in July, on the 23rd Saturday in August, on the 25th Saturday in September, on the 27th Saturday in October, on the 29th Saturday in November, on the 31st Saturday in December, on the 3rd Saturday in January, on the 5th Saturday in February, on the 7th Saturday in March, on the 9th Saturday in April, on the 11th Saturday in May, on the 13th Saturday in June, on the 15th Saturday in July, on the 17th Saturday in August, on the 19th Saturday in September, on the 21st Saturday in October, on the 23rd Saturday in November, on the 25th Saturday in December, on the 27th Saturday in January, on the 29th Saturday in February, on the 31st Saturday in March, on the 3rd Saturday in April, on the 5th Saturday in May, on the 7th Saturday in June, on the 9th Saturday in July, on the 11th Saturday in August, on the 13th Saturday in September, on the 15th Saturday in October, on the 17th Saturday in November, on the 19th Saturday in December, on the 21st Saturday in January, on the 23rd Saturday in February, on the 25th Saturday in March, on the 27th Saturday in April, on the 29th Saturday in May, on the 31st Saturday in June, on the 3rd Saturday in July, on the 5th Saturday in August, on the 7th Saturday in September, on the 9th Saturday in October, on the 11th Saturday in November, on the 13th Saturday in December, on the 15th Saturday in January, on the 17th Saturday in February, on the 19th Saturday in March, on the 21st Saturday in April, on the 23rd Saturday in May, on the 25th Saturday in June, on the 27th Saturday in July, on the 29th Saturday in August, on the 31st Saturday in September, on the 3rd Saturday in October, on the 5th Saturday in November, on the 7th Saturday in December, on the 9th Saturday in January, on the 11th Saturday in February, on the 13th Saturday in March, on the 15th Saturday in April, on the 17th Saturday in May, on the 19th Saturday in June, on the 21st Saturday in July, on the 23rd Saturday in August, on the 25th Saturday in September, on the 27th Saturday in October, on the 29th Saturday in November, on the 31st Saturday in December, on the 3rd Saturday in January, on the 5th Saturday in February, on the 7th Saturday in March, on the 9th Saturday in April, on the 11th Saturday in May, on the 13th Saturday in June, on the 15th Saturday in July, on the 17th Saturday in August, on the 19th Saturday in September, on the 21st Saturday in October, on the 23rd Saturday in November, on the 25th Saturday in December, on the 27th Saturday in January, on the 29th Saturday in February, on the 31st Saturday in March, on the 3rd Saturday in April, on the 5th Saturday in May, on the 7th Saturday in June, on the 9th Saturday in July, on the 11th Saturday in August, on the 13th Saturday in September, on the 15th Saturday in October, on the 17th Saturday in November, on the 19th Saturday in December, on the 21st Saturday in January, on the 23rd Saturday in February, on the 25th Saturday in March, on the 27th Saturday in April, on the 29th Saturday in May, on the 31st Saturday in June, on the 3rd Saturday in July, on the 5th Saturday in August, on the 7th Saturday in September, on the 9th Saturday in October, on the 11th Saturday in November, on the 13th Saturday in December, on the 15th Saturday in January, on the 17th Saturday in February, on the 19th Saturday in March, on the 21st Saturday in April, on the 23rd Saturday in May, on the 25th Saturday in June, on the 27th Saturday in July, on the 29th Saturday in August, on the 31st Saturday in September, on the 3rd Saturday in October, on the 5th Saturday in November, on the 7th Saturday in December, on the 9th Saturday in January, on the 11th Saturday in February, on the 13th Saturday in March, on the 15th Saturday in April, on the 17th Saturday in May, on the 19th Saturday in June, on the 21st Saturday in July, on the 23rd Saturday in August, on the 25th Saturday in September, on the 27th Saturday in October, on the 29th Saturday in November, on the 31st Saturday in December, on the 3rd Saturday in January, on the 5th Saturday in February, on the 7th Saturday in March, on the 9th Saturday in April, on the 11th Saturday in May, on the 13th Saturday in June, on the 15th Saturday in July, on the 17th Saturday in August, on the 19th Saturday in September, on the 21st Saturday in October, on the 23rd Saturday in November, on the 25th Saturday in December, on the 27th Saturday in January, on the 29th Saturday in February, on the 31st Saturday in March, on the 3rd Saturday in April, on the 5th Saturday in May, on the 7th Saturday in June, on the 9th Saturday in July, on the 11th Saturday in August, on the 13th Saturday in September, on the 15th Saturday in October, on the 17th Saturday in November, on the 19th Saturday in December, on the 21st Saturday in January, on the 23rd Saturday in February, on the 25th Saturday in March, on the 27th Saturday in April, on the 29th Saturday in May, on the 31st Saturday in June, on the 3rd Saturday in July, on the 5th Saturday in August, on the 7th Saturday in September, on the 9th Saturday in October, on the 11th Saturday in November, on the 1

1975

R. R. R.
—♦♦—
71 BETTER THAN 10
—♦—
SARSAPARILLIAN
(PREPARED IN FLUOR)

(PREPARED IN VALUO.)

The Curative Principle of Sarsaparilla enters largely into the composition of

R. R. R.

RESOLVENT

One Bottle of Resolvent Better than
Ten Large Bottles of Sarsaparilla.

One Bottle will Purify the Blood, and
Expel Corruption from the Body!

1 BETTER THAN 10

R. R. R. Resolvent cures with
astounding rapidity every form of

(PREPARED IN VALUO.)

The Curative Principle of Sarsaparilla enters largely into the composition of

R. R. R.

RESOLVENT

One Bottle of Resolvent Better than
Ten Large Bottles of Sarsaparilla.

One Bottle will Purify the Blood, and
Expel Corruption from the Body!

1 BETTER THAN 10

R. R. R. Resolvent cures with
astounding rapidity every form of

Chronic, Scrofulous and Skin Diseases, and exterminates all corruption from the human system.

One bottle of Dr. Radway's Renovating Resolvent contains more of the active curative principles of the best Jamaica Sarsaparilla (Sarsaparilla), than Ten of the largest size bottles of the mixture sold under the name of Sarsaparilla.

The process adopted by Dr. Radway in securing extracts (prepared in vacuo), of Medicinal Roots, Plants, Herbs, and other vegetables possesses the following advantages:—It is free from Rhubarb, Euphorbia, and all skin diseases, that enters into the composition of the Renovating Resolvent, produces only ONE OUNCE of the purest extract, and is perfectly palatable.

The Inert matter that enters so generally in the large bottle mixtures and prepared under the official or pharmacopoeia formula, is, by Dr. Radway's process, entirely excluded.

One teaspoonful of the Resolvent is sufficient for a dose for all Skin Diseases, Salt Rheum, Itch, Scald Head, Scabies, and Eruptions of the Skin, Humors in the Blood.

Chronic, Scrofulous and Skin Diseases, and exterminates all corruption from the human system.

One bottle of Dr. Radway's Renovating Resolvent contains more of the active curative principles of the best Jamaica Sarsaparilla (Sarsaparilla), than Ten of the largest size bottles of the mixture sold under the name of Sarsaparilla.

The process adopted by Dr. Radway in securing extracts (prepared in vacuo), of Medicinal Roots, Plants, Herbs, and other vegetables possesses the following advantages:—It is free from Rhubarb, Euphorbia, and all skin diseases, that enters into the composition of the Renovating Resolvent, produces only ONE OUNCE of the purest extract, and is perfectly palatable.

The Inert matter that enters so generally in the large bottle mixtures and prepared under the official or pharmacopoeia formula, is, by Dr. Radway's process, entirely excluded.

One teaspoonful of the Resolvent is sufficient for a dose for all Skin Diseases, Salt Rheum, Itch, Scald Head, Scabies, and Eruptions of the Skin, Humors in the Blood.

One teaspoonful, three times per day, will, in a few days, make the Blood pure, the Skin clear, the Hair grow again, remove all Sores, Pimples, Blisters, Puslules, Tettersores, Cankers, &c., from the Head, Face, Neck, Mouth, Throat, &c. It is pleasant to take, and does no harm.

The first dose that is taken cures on the diseases mentioned above, such as Scald Head, Ringworm, diseased deposits, Purifying the Blood, and driving corruption from the system.

The Renovating Resolvant, if used in any one of the following named complaints, will positively cure them:

Skin Diseases, Curies of the Bones,
Humors in the Blood, Constitutional,
Chronic and Scrofulous
Diseases, Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel,
Sores, Ulcers, Salt Ricium, Erysipelas,
Rickets, Scald Head, Sore Eyes,
Gums, Cankers, Glandular swellings,
Warts, Corns, Bunions, Fungus,
Nodes, Sore Ears, Sore Eyces, Strabismus,

MENTAL DISCHARGES FROM THE EAR
Optic Neuritis, Hemianopia, Conular
Degeneration, Deafness and Deafness of
Body, Skin Eruptions, Pimples and
Blotches, Tumors, Cancerous
Growths, Rheumatism, Gout,
Neuralgia, Chronic Rheumatism
and Gout, Diseases of the Kidneys,
Bladder, Uterus, Strictures, Diffi-
culty in Passing Water, Calculous
Deposits, &c.

**ALARMING INCREASE OF BLADDER, KID-
NEY AND CALCULOUS DISEASES.**

The annual reports of the Health Commission-
ers of the State of New York, for the year
1896, show a marked increase in the number
of deaths from diseases of the Kidneys and
Urinary Organs—RADWAY'S RENOVATING
RESOLVENT is the only remedy that has dis-
tinguished itself by its success in curing these
diseases.

ITS SOLVENT, diuretic, litholytic and tonic
properties exceed that of any medicine in the
world. It readily assimilates with the fluids, and
acts directly on the kidneys, bladder, ureters
and Bladder, removing calculous obstructions

and correcting all derangements of these organs
and thus the remedy in passing into the circulation,
that it has been found to be the best in all
liquids after it has been taken; by adding to the
minutes when cold a few pieces of starch, the
few drops of sulphuric acid, the crystals will change
to a blue color. When brick red, or to a
white deposit, like the white of an egg, (albumen)
is added to the vessel, or bloody discharges
from the urethra, the crystals will change to
red, accompanied by a burning or scalding
pain—the RESOLVENT should be used, and
a B. C. RESOLVENT PILLS, 6 to 12 pills, 3 or 4
times a day. Price of Resolvent, \$1 per bottle, or 6 for \$5,
Pills 25 cts. B. R. Relief, 50 cts. per bottle.
D. C. Resolvent, 50 cts. per bottle. Sold by
all Drug stores and by J. D. PARK, Cincinnati,
Ohio, and by J. D. PARK, Cincinnati,
Ohio, and by Druggists generally.

continues to be consulted on all forms of Private Diseases, as his old patients, Dr. No. 5 Beaver street, Albany, N. Y., by aid of his matches, can testify. He cures hundreds weekly, not mercury cases, and cures war-wounded venereal cases cured in 6 days. Letters by mail received, and packages by express sent to all parts of the world.

Dr. Young men who by indulging in Secret Habits, have contracted that soul-ubduing, mind-prostrating, body-destroying vice, one who fills our Lunatic Asylums, and crowds to replenish the wards of our Hospitals, should apply to Dr. Teller without delay.

Dr. Teller's Great Work.
A Private Medical Treatise, and Domestic Medicine.

The only work on the subject ever published in any country or in any language, for 25 cents.—written with magnificence, and in the most perfect manner, both in style and in matter, and in both sexes, and in all ages of nature, pregnancy, and delivery of the Pueris—27th edition, over 200 pages, sent under seal, postpaid, to any part of the world, on the receipt of the price.

Species or bank bills perfectly safe in a well sealed letter. It tells how to distinguish Pregnancy from the Menstrual Period, and how to cure the habits in young men and how to cure them. It contains the author's views on Matrimony, a chapter on the Partner, it tells how to cure Gonorrhoea How to cure phlegm, Pleurisy, Irritation, Dependancy, Loss of Memory, Aversion to Society, and Love of Solitude. It contains a chapter on the Diseases of the Female Sex, and all contemplating matrimony. It teaches the young mother or those expecting to become mothers how to nurse their children, and how to nurse mummies from the face. It tells how to cure Leucorrhoea or Whites, Falling of the Womb—how to cure the various Diseases of the Female genital organs. Married persons and others who desire to escape the perils of disease, should enclose a price of the book and receive a copy by express mail.

This book has received more than 5,000 recommendations from the Medical Profession, and the following are recommending persons in their ability to read for it.

It is a most valuable and useful work, and a remedy for irregularities, obstructions, &c. such

obtain Dr. Nichol's Female Monthly Pills at the
Doctor's Office, No. 5 Beaver street.

C. C. HIGGINS has a number of new and useful situations,
should not use them—for reasons, see di-
rections with each box. Price \$1. Sent by mail
to order.

1000 boxes sent this month—all have ar-
rived safe.

N. B. Persons at a distance can be cured at
home by enclosing a letter to Dr. J. Teller,
enclosing a remittance. Medicines securely
packaged from observation, sent to any part of the
country. No return of medicine required. For ad-
vice, N. B.—No students or boys employed.
This letter, address all orders to
J. TELLER, M. D.,
No. 5 Beaver Street, Albany, N. Y.
Jan. 21, 1871.

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned
is the duly appointed and qualified by the
Probate Court of the County of Albany, N. Y.,
Executor of the estate of Peter P. Bliss, deceased.
All persons indebted to said estate are notified
to make the payment of their debts to the under-
signed, and all persons holding claims against said es-
tate, are notified to present them legally pro-